

First-timers this far north will be awed by Mother Nature and, despite evident global warming, will find icebergs amid the fjords the size of semis, bright northern lights and incredibly resilient Inuit people

Story and photos by Julie L. Kessler

ERHAPS because I grew up in balmy climates of Hawaii and California, I've harbored an odd Iascination with cold
places. When I learned Silversea Cruises
had a 15-day crossing that spent nearly
a week in Greenland, followed by another week in remote Arctic Canada, ending in
Newfoundland, I dusted off my cold-weather
gear and made plans.
While the cruise commenced in Greenland,
the fly-in point was Reykjavik, Iceland. From
here Silversea chartered a plane for the
90-minute flight to Kangerlussuaq — formerly
Sondre Stronfford — north of the Arctic Circle.
The area served as a U.S. military installation
from World War II until Its 1992 closure. From

the town of 550 residents, we drove 30 minutes to the Zodiac landing for a 10-min-ute ride to the Silver Cloud, a 220-passenger expedition

designed to navigate designed to havigate remote, icy waters in luxury, with large, all-suite accommodations that include personal butlers. Onboard there is a fitness center with daily exercise classes, several bars and lounges with live entertainment, library, photo studio with class heated pool, whirlpool

spas, humidor, salon and full-service spa. There's also 24-hour room service that delivered outstanding meals within 20 minutes and four distinctive restaurants.

On our voyage, there were 181 passengers and 230 crew members. Onboard lecturers inand 250 crew members. Onboard lecturers in-cluded a botanist, historian, geologist, archae-ologist, ornithologist, marine biologists, naturalists, kayak guides and several bear guides. If anyone had a question, a knowledge-able expert was always nearby.





Greenland's backstory

Greenland is the world's largest island with the northernmost point just 340 miles from the North Pole. As most of Greenland is covered by ice cap, only 15 percent of its coastline is habit-able, which is why there are only 56,565 resi-

dents.

With four months of perpetual darkness, four months of constant light and two seasons of perpetual twilight, not to mention some seriously glacial temperatures, to say that Green-landers are hardy would be a vast

understatement.
Paleo-Eskimos were Greenland's first explorers and inhabitants. The indigenous limit of Greenland today are direct descendants of the

The Northern Lights, or aurora borealis, appear in the sky over Bifrost, about 65 miles from where the author's flight arrived in Reykjavík, Iceland. Silversea's Silver Explorer with Akpatok Island's limestone cliffs in the distance. Green-land's town of Sisi-

its colorful homes.

Central Asians that arrived 5,000 years ago during the Thule Migration. Today, Inuit make up 85 percent of Greenlanders with the balance mainly Danish.

During the colonial era, many inuit married Danes and other Europeans. In 1979, home rule for Greenland was established and, in 2009, the country became self-governing. Both Greenlandic and Danish are official languages and nearly everyone speaks English.

The Silver Cloud anchored off the east coast of Disko Island, Greenland's second largest, near Qeeptratrauq — also known as Godhavn — home to the University of Copenhagen Arch Estation, Jonining a small group we hiked 4 miles to Blaesdalen. Climbing basalt hills with massive icebergs floating nearby felt like hiking in a mirage. ing in a mirage.

Stops along the Greenland coast

Stops along the Greenland coast
Formerly Jacobslavn, Bullssat is Greenland's third largest town with 4,350 residents,
and home to its spectacular Bullssat keefjord—
the most profile tidewater glacier outside Antaractica that became a UNESCO World Heritage
site in 2004. This keefjord regularly creates gargantuan icebergs, it's believed the berg that
sank the Titanic came from this region.
On a gloriously sumry day, we boarded a 25foot lee trawler from the ship and headed west.
We lost count of the number of gigantic bergs
majestically glistening offshore—many of
these white glants were the size of office buildlargs. Several humpback whales frolicked amidbergs with colonies of gulls rested atop them.
Bullssat was also the birthplace in 1879 of
Knud Rasmussen, Bullssat's most Blustrious
son. Rasmussen made seven heroic expeditions chronicling lmitt life and Greenland's topography. His most famous, was a 42-month

pography. His most famous, was a 42-month pography. His most tamous, was a 42-month dog-sled expedition tracing the migration from Siberia to Greenland. At 54, he succumbed to salmonella poisoning from eating kiviaq — an Artic delicacy made from auls seabirds fer-mented for three to 18 months in seal skin.

An afternoon hike to Sermermiut brought us to several different vantage points of massive bergs that often seemed more frozen illusion

Please see ARCTIC CIRCLE, F6

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Kangerlussuaq

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owstone Mt. Rushmore Jun 2. Sen 2	East Coast Adventure Oct 5	Mexico Yucatan Nov 7

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ARCTIC CIRCLE

than seascape. Around midnight the aurora borealis — northern lights — made an appearance. Wearing nearly all our clothes, we went on deck. The clear night sky lit up in all directions, rendering July Fourth fireworks lame in com-parison. We salled down the coast of the Davis Strait to Sisimiut, Green-

land's second largest town. With just 5,500 residents and more than

land's second largest town. With just 5,500 residents and more than 1,300 dogs, this small fishing village is in a wide valley sandviched between lagged peaks, 34 miles north of the Arctic Circle.

Our huit guide explained the multi-loored houses seen across Greenland originated when huits had no written language. Yellow signified the doctor's touse or nospital, blue, a colonial office or fish processing, green for relecommunications and black for police. In Stimitut, we sampled muss ox soup (delicious though gamey), ricled cod, dried minde whale and raw seal. The small Stimitut Museum beckoned, but being dog lovers, we walked to Dogtown, where const of the seld dogs reside before winter commences.

Resembling hussless and malamutes, Greenlandic dogs are a separate breed, descended from wolves.

These are working animals with.

wolves.
These are working animals with enormous paws. To maintain purity, they are the only breed civilians are permitted. Greenlandic dogs pull sleds in a fan-shaped for-mation, unlike the rows of paired dogs of other Arctic regions. While puppies, they are allowed to roam freely and are extremely friendly



and playful. Adult dogs live with their work group and pay humans scant attention, except for their

scant attention, except for their missiber.

In Dogtown, I spoke with musher Malene Olsen, who was about to feed her brood. Olsen has been mushing for 15 years and the love she had for her animals was palpable.

Important to keep in mind while in Greenland Fog sleds always have the right-ol-way. Hikling later to nearby Tele Island, our guide brought us to Saqqap peoples' graves, one 700 years old, Jopen and exposed with bones visible, and the other, I_200 years old, Jop present were remnant mounds of traditional Islite-entury bouses where 18th-century houses where residents lived out brutal winter

months mostly underground.

Dining at the ship's Relais &
Chateaux signature restaurant, La

icebergs of liulissat. llulissat, Greenland, as seen from an lo

seen from an Ice trawler boarded from the Silver Cloud.
A polar bear roams not far from our zodiac as we meandered through islets in the Lower Savage Islands.

IF YOU GO

Arctic Canada and Greenland cruise

The best way. Silversea has tine to 34-day cruises in the region June to September in 2019 and June to October in 2020. All-inclusive rates start at 10,620 per porson. As the University start at one location and end in another, it may be more cost effective to let Silversea book air. Call 877-382-6228 or visit silversea.com. The best way: Sil-

Dame, that evening was a marvel:

Dame, that evening was a marvel: chef Hillard wforeno's perfectly prepared Rougle fole gras with Bordeaux poached pear, mush-room velouite with truffle oil, succulent lobster tail and a dreamy Grand Marnier souffle.

Our final Greenland stop was the capital Nunk, the country's first town and today its largest, with about 17,000 residents. In 1728, Nunk was home to just 12 Greenlandic families when missionary Hans Egede arrived. Though now revered, Egede's resistance to Greenland's communal way of life initially caused social urrest. Nunk's waw-shaped Kattuaq Cultural Centre was inspired by the northern lights, and its well-curated Greenland's exemplied in the content of th

The Canadian Arctic and Atlantic Canada

The Silver Cloud crossed the Da-vis Strait to Igaluit, which has been vis stati to iquint, which has been the tiny capital of Canada's terri-tory of Nunavut on Baffin Island's south coast since 1999. Established in 1942 as a U.S. air-

Established in 1942 as a U.S. Alri-base, [qaluit had lost list strategic value by the time the Americans left in 1963. The hilly town is nota-ble for its igloo-shaped St. Jude's Cathedral and old Hudson's Bay Co. storefront facing its expansive resolut benefits.

Co. storetront facing its expansive rocky shoreline.
Following another colorful showing of the northern lights, we anchored offshore of the Arctic Archipelago's uninhabited Akpatok Island. Imposing limestone cliffs rise more than 800 feet above the coast.

Even before we boarded Zodiac boats to explore the area, we saw a polar bear playfully ambling the

shoreline, another perched atop a ledge and yet anot 50 yards away. Thick-billed murres, black guillemot and peregrine falcons abound.
Off Baffin Island's southern rocky

coast, we landed at Cape Dorset, a hamlet of about 1,500. Here tradi-

handel of about 1.500. Here tradi-tional Inuit or 1— mainly printmak-ing and carvings — are produced and carvings — are produced and the produced and the carving and Kangiquituae, Nord-du-Quebec, we hiked and chatted with riendly vil-lagers en route. In the Lower Savage Islands, our small boats cruised through islets while a young male polar bear stared at us, seemingly as curious about us as we were about him. Crusling Nachrak Fjord in Torngat Mountains Na-tional Park, a mama bear and two cubs walked the beach with gen-tryl sloping sone-covered mountly sloping snow-covered moun-tains and odd rock formations in the distance.

the distance.

A final day was spent in Twill-ingate, Newfoundland, where cod, prior to the 1992 moratorium, was once king. Its landmark red-and-white lighthouse amid dramatic, rocky cliffs and the friendly locals made it hard to leave. Disembarking in St. John's, I

thought of the plethora of natural thought of the plethora of natural wonders I saw on this voyage and reflected on the bravery of those who led the first expeditions to this vast, frigid region with little more than grit and curiosity. Uttering a typically Greenlandic sentiment, the explorer Knud Rasmussen once said, "Give me winter, give me doos, and you caoo, and voy cao."

ter, give me dogs, and you can have the rest.

Julie L. Kessler is a travel writer, June L. Nessier is a travel utiler, legal columnist and attorney based in Los Angeles, and the author of "Fifty-Fifty: the Clarity of Hindsight." She can be reached at Julie@ VagabondLawyer.com.

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